

BASEL III PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURE AS ON 31.12.2019

TABLE DF-2: Capital Adequacy

Qualitative Disclosures

(a)	The Bank is carrying out quarterly risk assessment for Credit, Market and Operational Risks and computing CRAR as well as also providing a comfortable cushion against the risk of losses against any unforeseen events. Bank is monitoring regularly and comprehensively the capital requirement through Capital Planning and Budgeting for current as well as future business operations. Moreover bank is addressing all risks through precise Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) annually and maintaining necessary additional capital for additional risks.			
	The Bank has following Standardized Approach for Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk and Duration Approach for Market Risk for computing regulatory guidelines.	Standardized CRAR, as per the		
Quantita	tive Disclosures	(Rs. in crore)		
(b)	Capital requirements for Credit Risk : Portfolio subject to Standardized Approach Securitization Exposures	8136.73 Nil		
(c)	Capital requirements for Market Risk: Standardized Duration Approach Interest Rate Risk Foreign Exchange Risk (including Gold) Equity Risk	1549.01 1067.15 3.29 69.07		
(d)	Capital requirements for Operational Risk : Basic Indicator Approach • The Standardised Approach (if applicable)	1078.58		
(e)	Common Equity Tier 1, Tier 1 and Total Capital ratios: Common Equity Tier I Tier I Total Capital ratios For the top consolidated group For significant bank subsidiaries (stand alone or sub-consolidated depending on how the Framework is applied)	7.21% 7.21% 10.27% Not Applicable Not Applicable		

Table DF-3: Credit Risk: General Disclosures for All Banks

Qualitative Disclosure

a) Past Due and Impaired Accounts (for accounting purpose):

In terms of Bank's NPA Management Policy duly approved by the Board of Directors, an asset is treated as Past due/impaired asset where –

- i. Interest and/or installment of principal remain overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan.
- ii. The account remains 'out of order' for a period of more than 90 days as given in para below, in respect of an overdraft/cash credit (OD/CC).
- iii. The bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills purchased and discounted,
- iv. The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops.
- v. The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops.

An account is considered out of order when

- i. The outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power; the account is treated as out of order.
- ii. The balance outstanding is less than the sanctioned limit/drawing power but there are no credits continuously for 90 days or the credits are not sufficient to cover the interest debited.

b) Bank's Credit Risk Management Policy:

Bank's Credit Risk Management practices are based on policy directives duly approved by the Board which, inter-alia, encompasses the following:

- i. Credit Risk acquisition strategies & policies,
- ii. Credit approval processes.
- iii. Credit Risk monitoring processes.
- iv. Credit Risk control processes.

Board of Directors has over all responsibility for management of Credit risk and Risk Management Committee of the Board is responsible for setting up guidelines for Credit Risk Management and reporting, ensuring that Credit Risk Management processes conform to the policy, setting up prudential limit and its periodical review and ensuring robustness of risk modules. Credit Risk Management Committee is responsible to deal with issues relating to Credit

policy and procedures and to analyze monitoring and control credit risk on bank wide basis.

Credit Risk Management Department of the Bank enforces and monitors compliance of the risk parameters and prudential limits set by the Bank. They also lay down risk assessment system, monitor quality of loan portfolio, identify problems and correct deficiencies, develop MIS for the purpose including portfolio evaluation. Credit Risk Management Department is independent of Credit Processing & Credit Monitoring Departments.

Assessment of Credit Risk is done through rating of credit accounts. The bank has a system of rating all accounts (excepting those under schematic lending) having exposure of above Rs 25 lacs. Bank tracks rating migration and has developed internal default rates across rating. The mapping of default rates is also carried out with default rate of established rating agencies.

The bank makes all possible efforts to mitigate risks associated with credit accounts through suitable collaterals or guarantors wherever it is considered feasible and desirable. In addition to that, terms and conditions under which credit is sanctioned also go a long way to mitigate risks associated with credit. Regular monitoring and control of accounts also add to the risk mitigation. In order to mitigate risk, the Bank has taken necessary cover for eligible accounts from Export Credit Guarantee Corporation and Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Micro and Small Enterprises.

Quantitative disclosures

(All figures in Rs. Crores)

Quantitative Disclosures (all amount in Rs. Cr)		
	Fund Based	Non Fund Based
a) Total Gross Credit Exposure	113804.65	8633.69
b) Geographical Distribution of Exposure		
Domestic	105608.63	7469.49
Overseas	8196.02	1164.23

(C) Industry Type Distribution of Exposures	s (Amount in Rs. Cr)			
Industry Namo	Exposure			
Industry Name	Funded	Non-Funded		
A. Mining and Quarrying (A.1 + A.2)	689.19	105.08		
A.1 Coal	377.75	86.61		
A.2 Others	311.44	18.47		
B. Food Processing (B.1 to B.5)	1,677.06	279.04		
B.1 Sugar	340.85	20.88		
B.2 Edible Oils and Vanaspati	18.65	138.45		
B.3 Tea	647.91	7.97		
B.4 Coffee	0.00	0.00		

B.5 Others	669.65	111.74
C. Beverages (excluding Tea & Coffee) and	007.03	111./4
Tobacco	107.31	4.69
Of which Tobacco and tobacco products	39.42	4.69
D. Textiles (a to f)	1,339.32	128.27
a. Cotton	801.00	78.56
b. Jute	4.49	3.03
c. Handicraft/Khadi (Non Priority)	0.0	0.00
d. Silk	0.0	0.00
e. Woolen	0.00	0.00
f. Others	533.83	0.00
1. Officers	333.03	46.68
Out of D (i.e., Total Textiles) to Spinning Mills	0.0	0.00
E. Leather and Leather products	60.95	3.79
F. Wood and Wood Products	101.37	0.44
G. Paper and Paper Products	440.89	34.66
H. Petroleum (non-infra), Coal Products (non-		43.83
mining) and Nuclear Fuels	677.92	
I. Chemicals and Chemical Products (Dyes,		
Paints, etc.) (I.1 to I.4)	465.06	41.18
I.1 Fertilizers	62.25	3.86
I.2 Drugs and Pharmaceuticals	141.90	15.87
I.3 Petro-chemicals (excluding under		
Infrastructure)	58.44	3.90
I.4 Others	202.49	
L. Divide le cui Di sudi e cue el de cia Duc el codo		17.55
J. Rubber, Plastic and their Products	74.76	16.28
K. Glass & Glassware	134.82	20.95
L. Cement and Cement Products	587.67	8.97
M. Basic Metal and Metal Products (M.1 + M.2)	4,441.06	296.70
M.1 Iron and Steel	3,745.09	249.37
M.2 Other Metal and Metal Products	695.97	47.33
N. All Engineering (N.1 + N.2)	2,183.38	873.53
N.1 Electronics	957.66	180.24
N.2 Others	1225.72	693.29
O. Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport		
Equipments	620.32	5.11
P. Gems and Jewellery	374.40	
Q. Construction	928.62	785.94
R. Infrastructure (a to d)	12,010.61	1,669.54
a. Transport (a.1 to a.6)	3,340.26	754.30
a.1 Roads and Bridges	3182.70	754.30
a.2 Ports	0.0	0.00
a.3 Inland Waterways	0.00	0.00
a.4 Airport		0.00

a.5 Railway Track, tunnels, viaducts,		
bridges	157.56	0.00
a.6 Urban Public Transport (except rolling		
stock in case of urban road transport)		
b. Energy (b.1 to b.6)	6,435.61	665.49
b.1 Electricity (Generation)	5525.79	650.86
b.1.1 Central Govt PSUs		
b.1.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)		
b.1.3 Private Sector		
b.2 Electricity (Transmission)	355.52	0.61
b.2.1 Central Govt PSUs		
b.2.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)		
b.2.3 Private Sector		
b.3 Electricity (Distribution)	554.31	14.02
b.3.1 Central Govt PSUs	5552	2 1102
b.3.2 State Govt PSUs (incl. SEBs)		
b.3.3 Private Sector		
b.4 Oilpipelines		
b.5 Oil/Gas/Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)		
storage facility		
b.6 Gas pipelines		
c. Water and Sanitation (c.1 to c.6)	269.99	0.00
c.1 Solid Waste Management	203.33	0.00
c.2 Water supplypipelines	269.99	0.00
c.3 Water treatment plants	209.99	0.00
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c.4 Sewage collection, treatment and		
disposal system		
c.5 Irrigation (dams, channels, embankments etc)		
c.6 Storm Water Drainage System		
d. Communication (d.1 to d.2)	05/70	00.00
, ,	856.72	99.22
d.1 Telecommunication (Fixed network)		
d.2 Telecommunication towers		
e. Social and Commercial Infrastructure (e.1	1,108.03	150 54
to e.9)	/0.10	150.54
e.1 Education Institutions (capital stock)	60.18	9.71
e.2 Hospitals (capital stock)	41.60	0.01
e.3 Three-star or higher category	70.70	0.0
classified hotels located outside cities	70.70	0.0
with population of more than 1 million		
e.4 Common infrastructure for industrial	1/07/	0.0
parks, SEZ, tourism facilities and	169.76	0.0
agriculture markets		
e.5 Fertilizer (Capital investment)		

e.6 Post harvest storage infrastructure for agriculture and horticultural produce including cold storage		
e.7 Terminal markets		
e.8 Soil-testing laboratories		
e.9 Cold Chain	765.79	140.82
S. Other Industries	25075.35	144.61
All Industries (A to S)	51,990.06	4462.61

	d) Maturity Pattern of Assets and Liabilities (Rs in Cr)											
Particulars	1 Day	2 to 7 Days	8 to 14 Days	15 to 30 days	31 days to 2 months	Over 2 months and upto 3 months	Over 3 months and upto 6 months	Over 6 month s and upto 1 year	Over 1 year and upto 3 years	Over 3 year and upto 5 years	Over 5 Years	Total
Deposits	2,622	3,870	3,850	6,553	9,414	8,707	25,431	27,384	29,275	16,097	55,233	188,437
Advance Gross	683	1,418	1,476	2,899	5,503	3,736	8,594	9,437	14,717	12,069	53,273	113,805
Investment	15	1,108	939	581	1,461	1,192	1,371	1,465	5,263	8,167	64,010	85,572.35
Borrowing	558	-	214	-	1	2,047	-	959	4,743	0	2,000	10,522.59
Foreign Currency - Asset	926	417	729	1,866	4,234	2,714	4,292	1,071	2,865	422	2,408	21,945
Foreign Currency - Liability	264	82	343	272	1,178	1,599	1,124	2,710	8,557	129	2,402	18,660

e) Amount of NPAs (Gross): Rs. 22139.65 Cr

Substandard: Rs. 3834.96 Cr
Doubtful 1: Rs. 3482.94 Cr
Doubtful 2: Rs. 7149.97 Cr
Doubtful 3: Rs. 4691.26 Cr
Loss: Rs. 2980.52 Cr

f) Net NPAs : Rs. 6199.65 Cr

g) NPA Ratios: -

Gross NPAs to gross advances: 19.45%Net NPAs to net advances : 6.34%

h) Movement of NPAs (Gross)

Opening balance: Rs. 25665.14 Cr
Additions : Rs. 2077.94 Cr
Reductions : Rs. 5603.43 Cr
Closing balance : Rs. 22139.65 Cr

i) Movement of Specific & General Provision

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Movement of provisions	Specific Provisions #	General Provisions@
Opening balance	17285.98	508.76
Provisions made during the period	1645.52	NIL
Write-off	4141.84	NIL
Write-back of excess provisions	NIL	4.34
Exchange Diff	21.21	1.25
Closing balance	14810.87	505.67

[#]Represents provisions for NPA, @Represents provisions for Standard Advances

j. Details of write offs and recoveries that have been booked directly to the income statement

Write offs that have been booked directly to the	
income statement	
Recoveries (in written-off) that have been	Rs. 437.85 Crore
booked directly to the income statement	

- k) Amount of Non-Performing Investments: Rs. 1086.27 Crore
- I) Amount of provisions held for non-performing investments: Rs. 1002.64 Crore

m) Movement of provisions for depreciation on investments

Opening balance : Rs. 767.60 Cr
 Provisions made during the period : Rs. 49.32 Cr

• Write-off : NIL

• Exchange Difference : Rs. 0.04 Cr

Write-back of excess provisions : NilOther Adjustment : NIL

• Closing balance : Rs. 816.96 Cr

n) Geography Wise NPA & Provisions

(Amount in Rs. in Crore)

(Amount in Rs. Crore)

Particulars	Domestic	Overseas	Total
Gross NPA	21319.03	820.62	22139.65
Provisions for NPA	14058.69	752.18	14810.87
Provisions for Standard	459.61	46.06	505.67
Advances			

Table DF-4 - Credit Risk: Disclosures for Portfolios Subject to the Standardised Approach

Qualitative disclosure:

Credit rating accorded by the following credit rating agencies has been used in assigning risk weights to our credit accounts under standardized approach:

- 1) CARE
- 2) CRISIL
- 3) FITCH
- 4) ICRA
- 5) Brickwork
- 6) SMERA
- Rating agencies have rated corporate exposures.
- In assigning rating to accounts based on public issue rating given by the above mentioned rating agencies, bank has followed the guidelines of Reserve Bank of India.

Quantitative disclosure:

Exposure after risk mitigation in standardized approach:

1)	Below 100% risk weight	-	1,65,863.98 Cr.
2)	100% risk weight	-	28,852.17 Cr.
3)	More than 100% risk weight	-	16,042.93 Cr.
4)	Deduction	-	0 Cr.
To	tal -		2,06,491.25 Cr.

<u>Leverage Ratio</u>

The Basel III leverage ratio is defined as the capital measure (Tier-1 capital of the risk based capital framework) divided by the exposure measure, with this ratio expressed as a percentage. As per RBI guidelines, the Basel III leverage for the Bank as at December 31, 2019 is as follows

(Amount in Rs. in Crore)

S No	Particulars	Amount 31.12.19	Amount 30.09.19	Amount 30.06.19	Amount 31.03.19
1	Tier-1 Capital (A)	7136.14	8993.40	8197.02	8461.64
2	Exposure Measure (B)	224332.81	228568.31	227062.39	233718.70
3	Leverage Ratio (A/B)	3.18%	3.93%	3.61%	3.62%